

Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research
Faculty of Letters and Foreign Languages
University of Abbes Laghrour- Khenchela
Department of English Language



Time Allotted: 1h30
Level: 3rd Year

Module: Civilization
Group.....

Full Name:

Correction Type

Part One: find out the appropriate terms for the definitions below

1.

Term: Evacuation

2.

Term: Jarrow March

3.

Term: D-Day

4.

Term: Beveridge Report

Part Two: answer BRIEFLY the following questions

1. Economic Inequality due to Great depression that UK witnessed after WWI increased social unrest, meanwhile it strengthened the need for reform. WWII led to transforming the nation and calling for national unity during a time of hardship and poverty that spanned the country. Politically, these tensions led to the rise of labour party and paved the way for post-war reforms like the creation of welfare state, all of which reflected a shift toward social democracy.

2. because the British constitution, unlike other countries all over the world, is not contained in a single document. Instead, it is based on statute law, conventions, common law, royal prerogatives, and other documents like Magna Carta. This affects the political system by making it flexible and adaptable to change.

3. Parliamentary sovereignty means that parliament is the supreme legal authority in UK. As a result, no other institution including the court, government or the monarch can override or invalidate an act of parliament. This principle ensures that parliament has ultimate control over law making and shapes its dominant position within the political system.

Part Three : Choose the right answer

1.

B. Triple Entente vs Triple Alliance

2.

B. Militarism, alliances, imperialism, and nationalism

3.

A. Due to disagreements between the Allies

4.

C. They guide political behavior despite not being legally binding.

5.

C. Everyone, including the government, is subject to the law.

6.

B. The Prime Minister's authority depends on the confidence of Parliament.

7.

B. Parliament and the Cabinet can challenge and restrict the Prime Minister's actions.