

Answer concisely the following questions. The parts of answers beyond the lines set are rejected.

I. What were the circumstances that led to the establishment of American Structuralism (3pts)?

- Atmosphere of logical environment
- Language was not the purpose, but it was a means.
- Field study method of languages
- Dealing with unknown languages
- Behaviorism influence
- Key figures

II. Explain two examples from different languages that support the Sapir-Whorf Hypothesis (4pts)

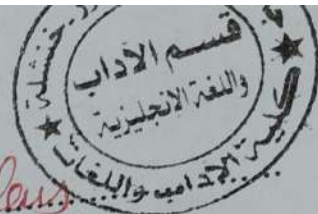
Example 1 + Explanation

Example 2 + Explanation

III. Explain the following concepts with examples (6 pts):

The deep and surface structures.....

Deep structure	Surface structure
* Abstract	* Physical
* Basic = Declarative, affirmative	* Complex: negative, passive, etc
* Universal	* Idg-specific
* Holds the basic meaning	* Created through transformation
	Generation



The maximal onset principal

Onsets (consonants before the nucleus vowel) are prioritized in syllabification over codas in syllables

V C/V      VC

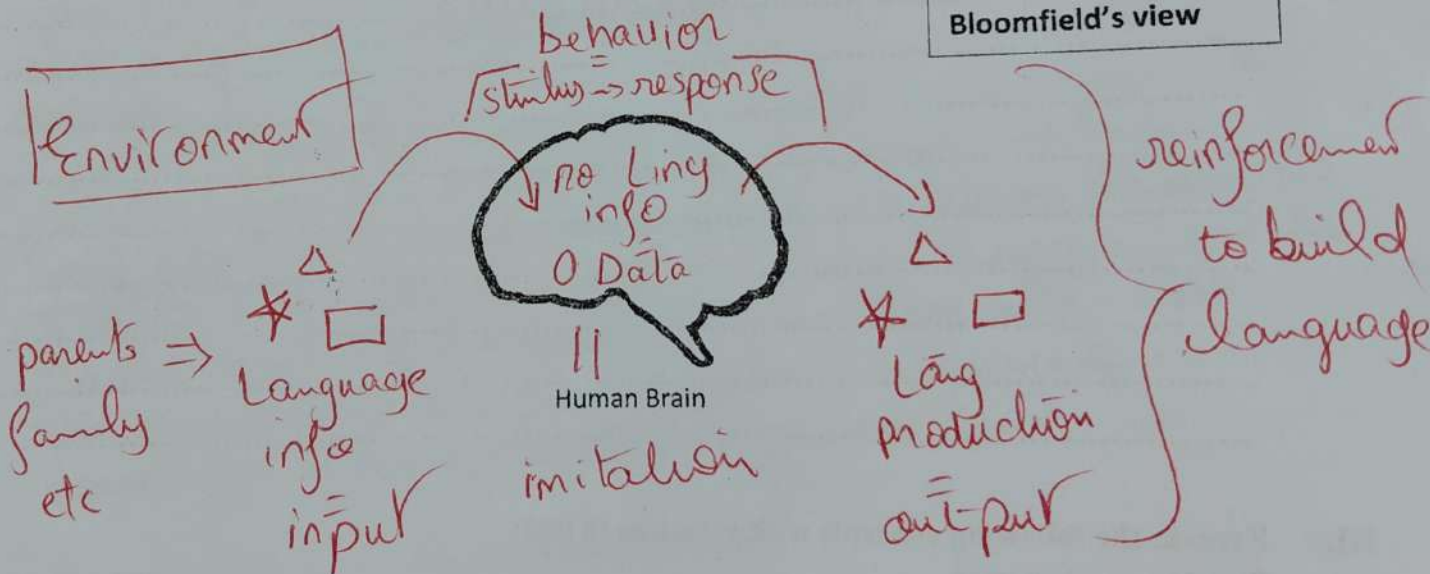
X              V/C

The stress placement factors

1. Grammatical Category
2. Number of Syllables
3. Morphological nature: simple / complex / compound
4. Phonological nature of S: weak or strong

IV. Complete the chart below so that it explains the difference between Bloomfield's and Chomsky's view of the linguistic mechanism and language processes in humans (7 pts):

Bloomfield's view



Chomsky's view

